That the changes do signify that the Government will rely more on legal counter-insurgency measures, and that clandestine, counter-terror activities will be reduced and more tightly controlled.

The decision to make the changes within the military was prompted by a desire to reduce counter-terror activities and to bring the actions of the different security forces under tighter control.

2. Mentioned the civilian counter-insurgency groups which operate in northeastern Guatemala as one of the forces which must be brought under tighter governmental control. Eventually wants to disarm the members of the civilian groups.

There are approximately 3,000 men, including those who were given weapons by the Guatemalan army, who participate or have participated in the counter-insurgency efforts in the northeast.
3. THAT THE COUNTER-TERROR ACTIVITIES
OF THE FOURTH CORPS OF THE NATIONAL POLICE WOULD BE DISCONTINUED,
ALTHOUGH SOME PERSONNEL FROM THAT CLANDESTINE GROUP WOULD BE
RETAINED FOR FUTURE SELECTIVE AND TIGHTLY-CONTROLLED OPERATIONS.

THAT THE SPECIAL COMMANDO UNIT OF THE GUATEMALAN
ARMY (SCUGA) WOULD NOT BE DISBANDED, BUT THAT IT WOULD BE
USED IN THE FUTURE ON A MUCH MORE LIMITED BASIS.
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