COLLECT CHARGE TO

FROM

AMEMBASSY TEGUCIGALPA

CLASSIFICATION تعلمقط الألاب لانها تمال تالي

E.O. XXXXXX

OADR 12356: DECL:

CN: 2235

TAGS: SUBJECT: PREL, XK, ES

DRAFT CENTRAL AMERICAN SPEECH FOR THE PRESIDENT

ACTION:

SECSTATE WASHDC WMMEDIATE

INFO:

AMEMBASSY GUATEMALA IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY MANAGUA IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY SAN JOSE IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY SAN SALVADOR IMMEDIATE

TEGUCIGALPA

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DECAPTIONED

REF:

STATE 61860

- ENTIRE TEXT

Embassy offers following EXMXESS comments in regard to draft Central America speech.

AMB DCM POL ECON

First, on the assumption that opportunities for a presidential address on Central America are limited, believe it would be desirable xx to expand speech to cover regional issues in greater detail in addition to specific Salvador concerns. We believe that an outline of such speech could begin with the fall of Somoza, then a discussion of our initially friendly policies towards Nicaragua,

The second secon	DRAFTING DATE	TEL. EXT.	CONTENTS AND CLASSIFICATION APPROVED BY:
DRAFTED BY:	3-7-83	211	AMB:JDNegroponte
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OPTIONAL FORM 153 (Formerly FS-413) January 1975 Dept. of State

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Dept. of State, RPS/IPS, Margaret P. Grafeld, Dir. (V) Release () Excise () Deny (Declassify

followed by a description of how they responded to our traditional generosity by inviting in the Cubans and exporting revolution. Speech could then describe regional concern caused by Nicaraguan alignment to Cuba and export of instability and lay out peaceful approach endorsed by regional democracies in form of San Jose Declaration.

4. There would then be a transition from the regional problem to the specific situation in Salvador. Speech would then pick up essentially where present draft now

would then pick up essentially where present draft now begins. With specific reference to present draft, we believe portion which discusses negotiations could usefully address an additional issue. FMLN representatives have framefrequently claimed that they are prepared for "unconditional talks". Their claim, however, does not stand up to scrutiny and when one reads the fine print, it is clear that the only talks they want are ones relating to "restructuring the armed forces", unspecified "social reforms" and "realignment of El Salvador's foreign policy" before an electoral process is even carried out. It is clear therefore that FMLN seeks nothing short of undoing existing governmental structure through negotiating process as prior condition to participating in elections. To accept this course would be tantamount to abandoning our friends in a moment of considerable difficulty. If, on the other hand, the



OPTIONAL FORM 153A (Formerly FS-413A) January 1975 Dept. of State rebels were prepared to talk with the government of

El Salvador about their peaceful and unarmed participation
an
in/amnesty program and that country's ongoing electoral
process, then we would view such a development as a
fair and equitable basis for meaningful negotiations.

5. Our final comment is that we are not too comfortable
with last three lines of draft speech beginning with
words "I ask that...".

NEGROPONTE



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