

NEAR EASTERN AND SOUTH ASIAN ANALYSIS

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SPECIAL INTELLIGENCE MEMORANDUM



Special Intelligence Memorandum

20 August 1993
Humanitarian Situation in the Marshes
Deteriorating living conditions in Iraq's southern marshlands are prompting some Iraqi Shias to flee to Iran or to locations elsewhere in Iraq. Baghdad's activities in the region have made food scarce in at least some areas and civilian travel difficult. Baghdad's refusal to allow the UN and other international relief organizations access to the area is exacerbating hardships.
We take seriously recent press reports that thousands of Shias have fled to Iran. Nearly all such reports can be traced to opposition sources, which generally exaggerate the scope of Saddam's atrocities, but we believe these latest stories are founded on real pressure on the marsh Arabs. In response to these reports, UN Special Rapporteur on Human Rights Max Van Der Stoel is planning to send a mission later this month to Iran to interview Iraqi Shia refugees there.
Increasingly harsh living conditions are taking a toll on
those living in the Al Amarah and Hawr al Hammar marshes. Most of these peoplewho actually reside on the marshes'
This memorandum was prepared by Office of Near Eastern and South Asian Analysis, with contributions by NESA; OIA; and RTT. Comments and queries are welcome and may be directed to the Chief, NESA,
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in Iran, Ammar Appeal and Iraqi Civilian Aid (ICA). The ICA recently received a \$400,000 pledge to aid the marsh Arabs, Because of Baghdad's refusal to allow the establishment of humanitarian operations in the marshes, relief is provided by transporting supplies in small quantities over the Iranian border, through difficult terrain. In addition, Kuwait earlier this month pledged to provide support to the shias through the Iraqi National Congress. The Supreme Assembly for the Islamic Revolution in Iraq
-(SAIRI) is calling on Washington to provide military and -inmanitation assistance to the Shias, asserting that it
would embarrass Iran into providing more humanitarian support. SAIRI, as well as other groups, such as the ICA, are calling for the coalition to destroy the regime's water diversion projects by bombing dams and causeways. SAIRI also is advocating the use of air drops to provide food and medicine to the Shias.
Military Clashes Continue
In addition to protecting the regime's marsh-drying projects, Iraqi forces in the south conduct routine, small-scale operations against the Shia rebels.
Such attacks coupled with Baghdad's gradual
destruction of the southern marshes almost certainly are prompting Iraqi Shias to flee to Iran.
Shia rebels operating out of the southern marshes continue to carry out hit-and-run attacks against the military.
Rebel attacks have failed to shake the
regime's increasingly tight grip on the south, however, and we see no signs that Baghdad intends to alter what it views
we see no signs that Baghdad intends to alter what it views as a "winning" strategy.
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